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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/647,742	08/25/2003	Mark P. Davidson	D1	2294
7590	11/09/2004		EXAMINER	
Michael L. Sherrard 72 Doud Drive Los Altos, CA 94022			TURNER, SAMUEL A	
			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			2877	

DATE MAILED: 11/09/2004

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

Office Action Summary	Application No.	Applicant(s)	
	10/647,742	DAVIDSON, MARK P.	
Examiner	Art Unit		
Samuel A. Turner	2877		

-- The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address --

Period for Reply

A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.

- Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will be considered timely.
- If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).

Status

1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 21 January 2004.

2a) This action is **FINAL**. 2b) This action is non-final.

3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under *Ex parte Quayle*, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.

Disposition of Claims

4) Claim(s) 1-34 is/are pending in the application.
4a) Of the above claim(s) _____ is/are withdrawn from consideration.

5) Claim(s) _____ is/are allowed.

6) Claim(s) 1-13, 19-27, 33 and 34 is/are rejected.

7) Claim(s) 14-18 and 28-32 is/are objected to.

8) Claim(s) _____ are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.

Application Papers

9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner.

10) The drawing(s) filed on 28 August 2003 is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner.

Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).

Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).

11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.

Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119

12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).
a) All b) Some * c) None of:
1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.
2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. _____.
3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).

* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.

Attachment(s)

1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)
2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)
3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08)
Paper No(s)/Mail Date _____

4) Interview Summary (PTO-413)
Paper No(s)/Mail Date. ____ .

5) Notice of Informal Patent Application (PTO-152)

6) Other: ____ .

DETAILED ACTION

Title

The title of the invention is not descriptive. A new title is required that is clearly indicative of the invention to which the claims are directed.

Specification

The disclosure is objected to because of the following informalities: Mirau is misspelled "Mireau" throughout the applications.

Appropriate correction is required.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.

Claim 20 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.

Claim 20 defines the source as quasi-monochromatic. This conflicts with claim 7, on which claim 20 depends, which requires simultaneous multiple wavelengths. Claim 6 does not require simultaneity.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

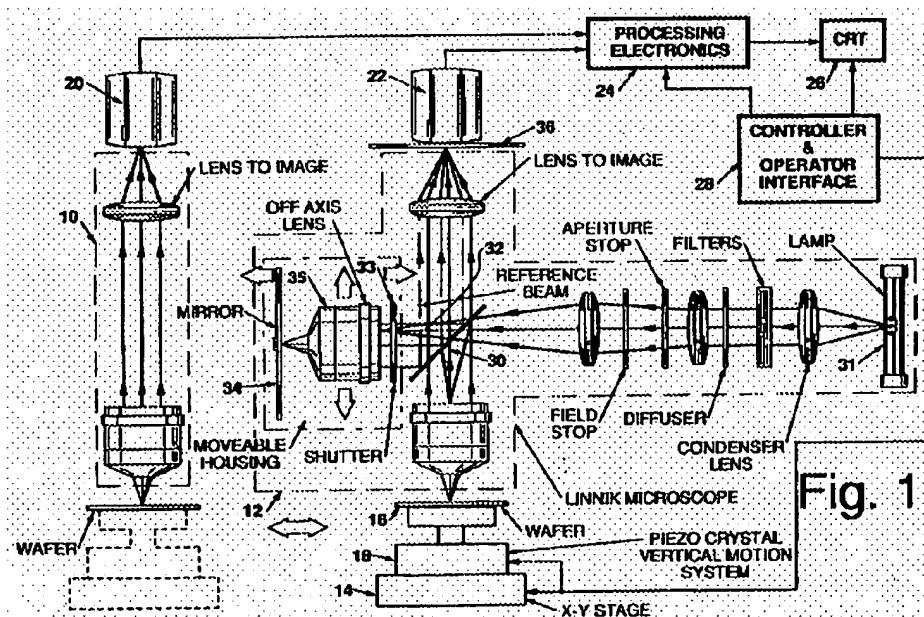
The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

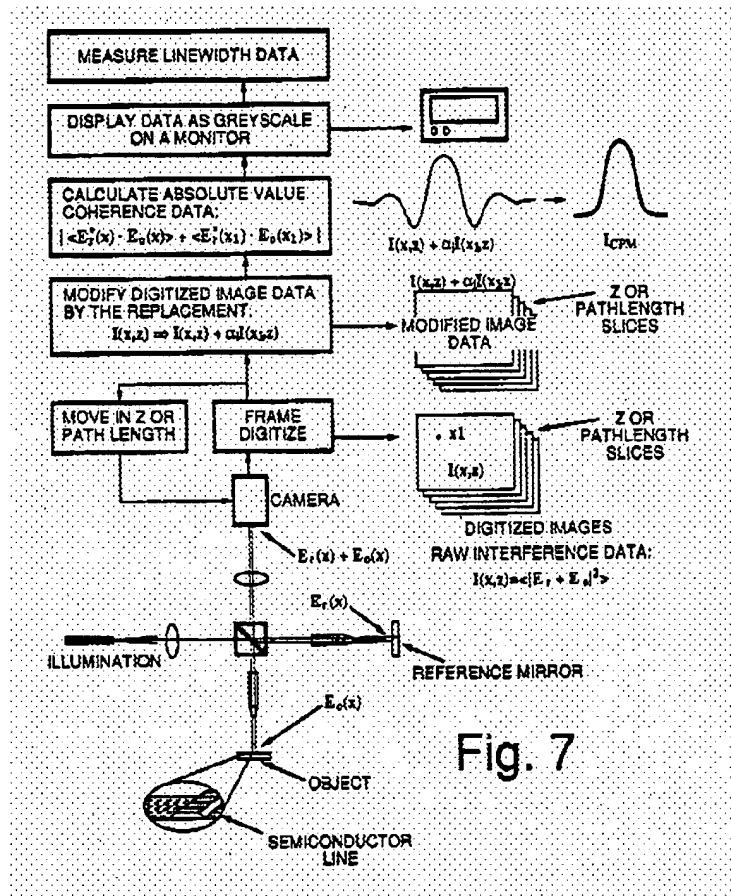
A person shall be entitled to a patent unless –

(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

Claims 1-10, 19, 21-24, and 33 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being clearly anticipated by Davidson et al(5,112,129).

Davidson et al teach an interference microscope comprising a broadband source(31), focusing optics, a Linnik microscope, An X-Y stage(14) with a vertical motion system(18), sample wafer(16) having grating structures, reference reflector(34), an imaging lens and camera(22) located at the image plane(36), see figure 1. The illumination from the source(31) is focused on the image plane of the microscope thus providing Koehler illumination of the sample. The wafer is displaced vertically and a plurality of images are captured by the camera and stored in memory, wherein each pixel of an image corresponds to a location on the wafer surface, see figure 7.

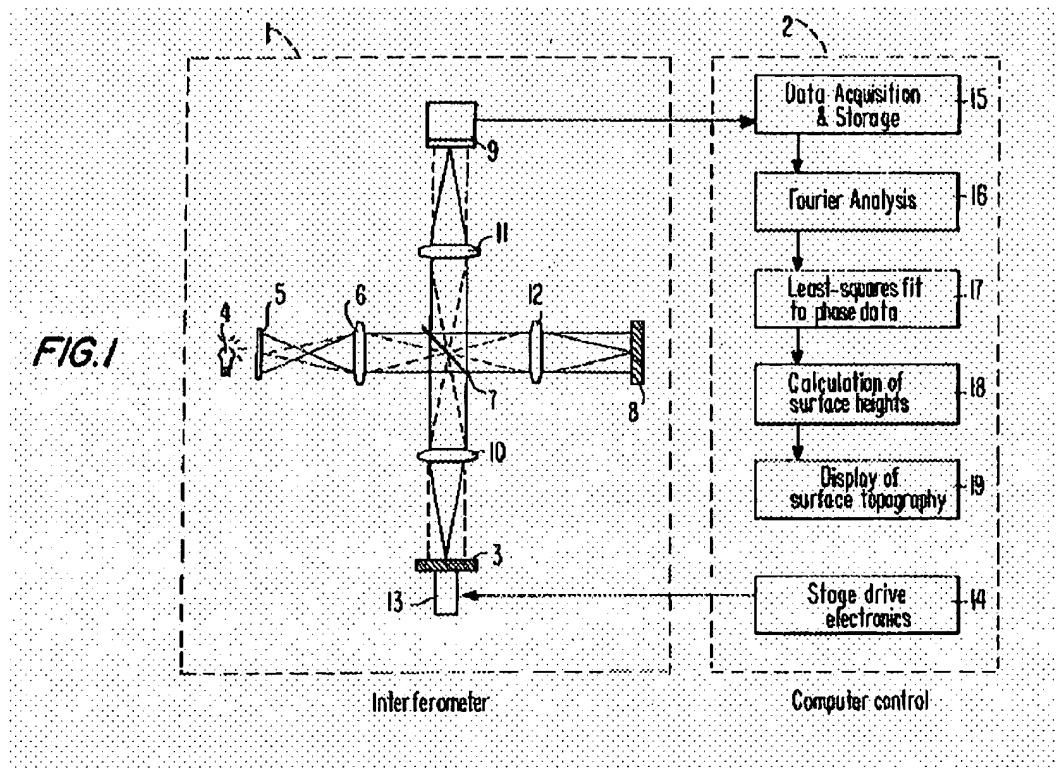




Claims 1-12, 19-26, 33, and 34 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being clearly anticipated by deGroot(5,398,113).

The deGroot patent teaches a coherence microscope comprising a broadband source(4), focusing optics(6), beam-splitter(7), microscope optics(10,12), a sample(3) located on transducer(13), reference reflector(8), imaging lens(11), CCD array(9), and a computer(2), see figure 1. The illumination from the source(4) is focused on the image plane of the microscope thus providing Koehler illumination of the sample. The computer includes capturing a plurality of images as the sample is displaced and storing each image in memory, wherein each pixel of an image

corresponds to a location on the sample surface, and a Fourier transform is applied to each image thus applying the principles of frequency-domain analysis to topography. Note that a quasi-monochromatic source with a high numerical aperture can be used as the illumination source, column 8, lines 66+.



Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negated by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 12, 13, 20, 25-27, and 34 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Davidson et al(5,112,129) in view of deGroot(5,398,113).

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify the Davidson apparatus to applying the principles of frequency-domain analysis to tomography to improve the tomographic measurements.

Allowable Subject Matter

Claims 14-18, and 28-32 are objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims. The prior art of record fails to teach an inverse signature comparator for comparing the specular reflection coefficients to a number of signatures corresponding to known object parameters.

Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Samuel A. Turner whose phone number is **571-272-2432**.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Gregory J. Toatley, Jr., can be reached on **571-272-2800 ext. 77**.

The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is **703-872-9306**.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see <http://pair-direct.uspto.gov>. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at **866-217-9197** (toll-free).



Samuel A. Turner
Primary Examiner
Art Unit 2877